

### **APPENDIX 4**

### **EUROPEAN STANDARDS AND MARKINGS FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

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### **INTRODUCTION**

Harmonised European Standards for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) have been developed as the preferred means of demonstrating equipment conformity with the basic health and safety requirements (BHSRs) of the EC Personal Protective Equipment Directive (89/686/EEC). Only equipment which meets these BHSRs is entitled to carry the CE mark and to be sold for use in the EC.

The alternative route to obtaining the CE mark involves the manufacturer producing a 'technical file' for the equipment which also demonstrates that it satisfies the BHSRs. In such cases, the equipment will carry the CE mark but may not display any Standard number. The manufacturer's information will contain the performance specification.

For Category III PPE (for use against "mortal danger"), the CE mark will be accompanied by a four-digit code number identifying the responsible Notified Body appointed to ensure that the manufactured product continues to satisfy the BHSRs.

Increasingly, European Standards (prefixed EN – European Norm) are being superseded or subsumed by International Standards (prefixed ISO). Where these are adopted in the UK, they will also be issued as British Standards and be prefixed BS. The British versions of standards (BS EN, BS ISO or BS EN ISO) may have minor differences from the original versions of the standard, usually in the form of a National Foreword or National Annex, to account for legislative or technical variations specific to the UK. If such a UK variation exists, this is flagged up in the attached listings below for the individual standards. BS versions may also differ slightly in the stated year of issue from the EN or ISO versions; the original EN or ISO issue dates are quoted here.

The Standards may contain design, performance and marking requirements for the different types of equipment. This document lists the Standards, and gives a brief explanation of the markings which they define.

### ORGANISATION OF THE INFORMATION

PPE Standards are separated into broad categories, depending on the type of protection intended, eg head protection, foot protection. Separate documents have been produced for each category.



Within a category, where possible, Standards have been further subdivided according to the hazard (eg mechanical hazards, heat and flame) or component type (eg filters; facepieces) as appropriate. Both current and recently superseded versions are listed, as equipment marked according to either version may be encountered in the field.

Standard number and date are given, with the title (sometimes abridged).

If a UK National variation applies to this standard, the nature of this variation is described.

Markings and classifications defined in the Standard for that class of equipment are listed and briefly described.

Related Standards, eg specific test methods which will not usually appear in the markings on equipment are listed separately at the end of each document.

Pictograms and symbols for each type of equipment are included at the rear of the relevant document.

### STANDARDS FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

#### **Face masks**

<b>EN 136:1998</b> - Full face mask	
	CL 1 (light duty, not +ve demand SCBA)
	CL 2 (general use)
	CL 3 (special use)
EN 136-10:1992- Fu	ull face mask (pre-1998 equipment only)
	A (for use with +ve demand SCBA)
	<b>F</b> (on visor, resistant to radiant heat)
EN 140:1998 - Half or quarter masks	
	size (if more than one available)

#### **Filters**

	<b>143:2000</b> - Filters – particles rrected 2002, 2006, Amended 2006	
	P - for use against particles	
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)	
	Additional markings:	
	- whether the filter is for use on a multi-filter device	
	- indication ( <u>+</u> expired hourglass symbol) showing shelf life expiry date in 'yyyy/mm' format	
	R – reusable, or	
	NR – not reusable (single shift)	
EN 371:1992 - Filters - AX gas and combined filters		
Superseded by EN 14387:2004		



Γ	AV ( :
	<b>AX</b> - certain organic compounds with bp <65°C,
	optionally plus:
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
	s - SX gas and combined filters
Superseded by EN	
	<b>SX</b> - for use against specific <u>named</u> gases and vapours,
	optionally plus:
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
<b>EN 12083:1998</b> - Fil	ters with breathing hoses (non-mask mounted filters)
	Markings as for ENs141, 143, 371 or 372
	ers - gas or gas and combined
Corrected 2006, Am	ended 2008
One or more of:	
	A - organic gases/vapours, bp >65°C
	<b>B</b> - inorganic gases/vapours (not CO)
	E - acid gases
	K - Ammonia and organic derivatives
	+ 1, 2, or 3 (capacity: low, med, high), optionally plus:
	P - particles
	+ 1, 2, or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
	NO-P3 - nitrogen oxides
	Hg-P3 - mercury vapour
	<b>AX</b> - certain organic compounds with bp <65°C,
	optionally plus:
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
	<b>SX</b> - for use against specific <u>named</u> gases and vapours,
	optionally plus:
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
	Additional markings:
	- whether the filter is for use on a multi-filter device
	- indication ( <u>+</u> expired hourglass symbol) showing shelf life
	expiry date in 'yyyy/mm' format
	- number of the standard
	- manufacturer and model
	For filters including a particle filtering element:
	R – reusable, or
	NR – not reusable (single shift)
	NO-P3 filters - For single use only
	Hg-P3 filters - Maximum use time 50 hours
	AX filters - For single use only
	D - suffix indicates dust clogging resistance.

## Simple filtering devices



	ring facepieces against particles
Amended 2009	
	- Number and year of standard
	- manufacturer and model
	FFP - filtering face piece
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
	D - resistant to dolomite clogging test
	- indication (+ expired hourglass symbol) showing shelf life
	expiry date in 'yyyy/mm' format
	R – reusable, or
<b>-11</b> 40 <b>-</b> 2004	NR – not reusable (single shift)
	lved filtering half masks for use against gases or gases and
particles	
Amended 2009	
Note: See EN 1438 classifications	7:2004 "Filters - gas or gas and combined" for explanation of filter
	- Number and year of standard
	- manufacturer and model
	FF - filtering facepiece
	+ one or more of:
	<b>A</b> , <b>B</b> , <b>E</b> , <b>K</b> + <b>1</b> or <b>2</b> (capacity)
	AX
	SX
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency- low, med, high)
	D - resistant to dolomite clogging test
	- indication ( <u>+</u> expired hourglass symbol) showing shelf life
	expiry date in 'yyyy/mm' format
	If particle filters are included:
	R – reusable, or
	NR – not reusable (single shift)
EN 1827:1999 - Filte	ering half masks without inhalation valves
Corrected 1999, Am	
	7:2004 "Filters - gas or gas and combined" for explanation of filter
classifications	3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	- Number and year of standard
	- manufacturer and model
	- manufacture date and shelf life, or expiry date
	FM - filtering facepiece
	+ one or more of:
	A, B, E, K + 1 or 2 (capacity)
	AX
	SX
	P - for use against particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency- low, med, high)
	D - resistant to dolomite clogging test
	If particle filters are included:
	-
	R – reusable, or



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<b>NR</b> – not reusable (single shift)	
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## Powered/assisted filtering devices

<b>FN 146:1991</b> - Pow	ered particle filtering helmets / hoods
Superseded by EN 12941:1998	
	THP - 'turbo hood', particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency - low, med, high)
EN 147:1991 - Pow	er assisted particle filtering full, half or quarter mask
Superseded by EN	
•	TMP - 'turbo mask', particles
	+ 1, 2 or 3 (efficiency: low, med, high)
EN 12941:1998 - Po	owered filtering device with helmet / hood
Amended 2004, 200	-
Note: See EN 1438	7:2004 "Filters - gas or gas and combined" for explanation of filter
classifications	
	TH - turbo hood
	1, 2 or 3 - inward leakage class (10%, 2% or 0.2%)
	+ one or more of:
	<b>A</b> , <b>B</b> , <b>E</b> , <b>K</b> + <b>1</b> , <b>2</b> or <b>3</b> (capacity: low, med, high)
	AX
	SX
	P - for use against particles
	+ S or SL - use against solids only or solids and liquids
	NO (with TH3P only)
	Hg (with TH3P only)
	If particle filters are included:
	R – reusable, or
EN 42042-4009 D	NR – not reusable (single shift)
Amended 2003, 200	owered filtering device with full, half or quarter mask
	7:2004 "Filters - gas or gas and combined" for explanation of filter
classifications	7.2004 Tillero guo di guo ana combinea foi explanation of liller
- Classificationis	TH - turbo hood
	<b>1</b> , <b>2</b> or <b>3</b> - inward leakage class (10%, 2% or 0.2%)
	+ one or more of:
	<b>A</b> , <b>B</b> , <b>E</b> , <b>K</b> + <b>1</b> , <b>2</b> or <b>3</b> (capacity: low, med, high)
	AX
	SX
	P - for use against particles
	+ S or SL - use against solids only or solids and liquids
	NO (with TM3P only)
	Hg (with TM3P only)
	If particle filters are included:
	R – reusable, or
	NR – not reusable (single shift)



## Hose/airline breathing apparatus

<b>EN 138:1994</b> - Fres	sh air hose with half or full facemask
	FAH - fresh air hose
	Class 1 hose, light duty (not unassisted types), or
	Class 2 hose, heavy duty (not half masks)
EN 139:1994 - Cor	mpressed air line BA full or half mask or mouthpiece
	N 14593 for demand valve apparatus, and EN 14594 for
constant flow	
EN 269:1994 - Pow	vered fresh air hose with hood
	FAH - fresh air hose
	Class 1 - light duty hose, or
	Class 2 - heavy duty hose
	- Anti-static
	- Heat resistance
	npressed air line BA with hood (Amended 2000)
Superseded by EN	
	ompressed air line / powered fresh air hose BA with hood for
abrasive blasting	N. 44504
Superseded by El	
	ed requirements for powered fresh air hose abrasive blasting helmets. The s not contain any requirements for this specific type of equipment – there are no
known examples on the	
EN 1073-1:1998 -	Protective clothing against particulate radioactive contamination -
Ventilated suits	
	as for EN 340 (Protective Clothing), plus:
	pictogram - particulate radioactive contamination (Fig 11 in
	Clothing document)
	<b>IL:</b> class $x$ - where $x$ = inward leakage class 1-5. 1 is lowest
	protection, 5 is highest
	ht duty compressed air line helmet or hood
Superseded by EN	
	LDH - light duty, hood
	<b>1</b> , <b>2</b> or <b>3</b> - inward leakage class (10%, 2% or 0.5%
EN 12410-1000	respectively)
Superseded by EN	ght duty compressed airline masks
Superseded by En	LDM - light duty, mask
	<b>1</b> , <b>2</b> , or <b>3</b> - inward leakage class (2%, 0.5% or 0.05%
	respectively)
FN 14593-1·2005 -	Compressed air line BA with demand valve - full mask
1.1000 1.2000	On the apparatus:
	- year of manufacture (4 digits)
	- temperature limitations, or appropriate pictogram
	- <b>F</b> if flammability requirement met
	·
	On the supply tube:



	- H - heat resistance
	- <b>S</b> - anti-static
	- F – higher flame resistance
EN 14593-2:2005 -	Compressed air line BA with demand valve - half mask
	On the apparatus:
	- Year of manufacture (4 digits)
	- Temperature limitations, or appropriate pictogram
	- F if flammability requirement met
	On the supply tube:
	- Year of manufacture (4 digits)
	- H - heat resistance
	- S - anti-static
	- F – higher flame resistance
EN 14594:2005 – C	Continuous flow compressed air line BA
	On the apparatus:
	- Protection class 1 (lowest) to 4 (highest)
	- Year of manufacture (4 digits)
	- Temperature limitations, or appropriate pictogram
	- <b>F</b> if flammability requirement met
	- Pictogram for abrasive blasting if applicable
	On the supply tube:
	- Year of manufacture (4 digits)
	<ul> <li>A – lower strength requirements</li> </ul>
	- <b>H</b> - heat resistance
	- <b>S</b> - anti-static
	- F – higher flame resistance
	Respiratory equipment - Open circuit umbilical supplied
-	ving apparatus. Part 1: Demand apparatus
Corrected 2008	
	General:
	- manufacturer, type, serial number and standard number plus:
	- rated pressure on pressure reducers and gauges
	- date of manufacture (at least the year) on parts which may be
	affected by ageing
	- rated working pressure of pressure reducers
	- helmets - head protection class A (as for safety helmet), B (as
	for bump cap) or <b>C</b> (none)
EN 15333-2:2009	
compressed gas div	ving apparatus. Part 2: Free flow apparatus
	General:
	- manufacturer, type, serial number and standard number plus:
	- rated pressure on pressure reducers and gauges
	- date of manufacture (at least the year) on parts which may be
	affected by ageing
	- rated working pressure of pressure reducers
	- helmets – head protection class <b>A</b> (as for safety helmet), <b>B</b> (as
	for bump cap) or <b>C</b> (none)
	- if compatible with hearing protection



# Self contained breathing apparatus (including diving)

EN 137:1992 - Self-	contained open circuit compressed air BA
Superseded by EN	
	A (for use with +ve demand SCBA)
EN 137:2006 - Self-	contained open circuit compressed air BA with full face mask
	Manufacturer, model, serial number and standard number, plus: - year of manufacture/shelf life (also on perishable components) - Classification: - Type 1 – industrial use
	<ul> <li>Type 2 – firefighting use</li> <li>cl 3+ - on mask if it passes flame engulfment</li> <li>A – on demand valve if specific pressure requirements met</li> <li>any abnormal temperature range</li> <li>provision for marking test dates on pressure reducer</li> </ul>
<b>EN 145:1997</b> - Self BA Amended 2001	contained closed circuit compressed oxygen or oxygen/nitrogen
	O <sub>2</sub> or O <sub>2</sub> - N <sub>2</sub> 1, 2 or 4 - nominal duration in hours P or N - positive or negative demand
<b>EN 250:2000</b> - Oper Amended 2006, Cor	n circuit compressed air diving apparatus. rected 2006, 2006
	General: - manufacturer, type, serial number and standard number plus: - rated pressure on pressure reducers and gauges - date of manufacture (at least the year) on parts which may be affected by ageing
EN 13949:2003 – O	Demand regulator: >10°C on demand regulators not designed for use in cold water pen-circuit self-contained diving apparatus for use with Nitrox and
oxygen	por chosin con contained arrang apparation to the mark and
	As EN 250 plus: - Nitrox or O <sub>2</sub> or Nitrox/O <sub>2</sub> on any pressure vessel valve body, demand regulator and safety device
EN 14143:2003 - Se	elf-contained re-breathing diving apparatus
	<ul> <li>manufacturer, type, serial number and standard number plus:</li> <li>rated pressure on pressure reducers and gauges</li> <li>date of manufacture (at least the year) on parts which may be affected by ageing</li> </ul>
	elf-contained open circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with
half mask designed	to be used with positive pressure only  Manufacturer, model, serial number and standard number, plus: - year of manufacture (also on perishable components) - any abnormal temperature range - provision for marking test dates



## Escape/self rescue devices

EN 400:1992 - Com	npressed oxygen closed circuit escape BA
Superseded by EN	l 13794
	# rated duration in minutes
	Special use - for carrying or transportation
EN 401:1992 - Che	mical oxygen (KO <sub>2</sub> ) self contained escape breathing apparatus
Superseded by EN	l 13794
	# rated duration in minutes
	S - for special use (carrying or transportation)
EN 402:2003 - Self	contained open circuit compressed air escape BA
	# - rated duration in minutes (steps of 5)
	For escape only
EN 403:2004 - Filte	ring devices with hood for escape from fire
	M or S - class; designed to be carried on the person, or
	stored respectively
	# - maximum mass (for condition checking)
<b>EN 404:2005</b> - Filte	r self-rescuer from carbon monoxide with mouthpiece assembly
	FSR - filter self rescuer
	<b>1</b> , <b>2</b> , <b>3</b> or <b>4</b> - class; rated duration 60, 75, 90 or 120 mins
	respectively
	A or B - tested at 30 lpm or 40 lpm
	R – rough usage tested
<b>-</b> N. 4004 4000	# - mass
	elf-contained chemical oxygen (NaClO <sub>3</sub> ) escape BA
Superseded by EN	
	# - rated duration in minutes
EN 4440 400E O	S – for special use (carrying or transportation)
<b>EN 1146:1997</b> - Se	If contained open circuit compressed air escape BA with hood
	# - rated duration in minutes
EN 40704-0000 C	For escape only
EN 13/94:2002 - S	Self contained closed circuit BA for escape
	C – NaClO <sub>3</sub> type
	D – compressed oxygen type
	<b>K</b> – KO <sub>2</sub> type <b>#</b> - rated duration in minutes
	S - for underground use
EN 14520-2005 - S	elf-contained open circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with
	d to include a positive pressure lung governed demand valve for
escape purposes of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
cocape parposes of	Manufacturer, model, serial number and standard number, plus:
	- year of manufacture/shelf life (also on perishable components)
	- Classification: $Clx$ , where $x = 5$ to 30 in steps of 5, representing
	duration (minutes) in a standard test
	- identified as for escape only
	- maximum vessel pressure
	If unit supplied in a sealed container, marking to be on the
•	



container.	1		container.
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### Respiratory protection specifically for CBRN applications

<b>BS 8468-1: 2006</b> – Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological radiological and nuclear (CBRN) agents – Part 1: Positive pressure self-contained open-circuit breathing apparatus – Specification Corrected 2006		
Corrected 2000	As EN 137, plus:	
	<b>BS 8467-1:2006</b> on SCBA and facepiece	
BS 8468-2: 2006 -	Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological	
	clear (CBRN) agents – Part 2: Negative pressure air purifying	
	e mask - Specification	
Masks	As for EN 136 and marked with <b>BS 8468-2:2006</b>	
Filters	- Class and colour code (orange / white):	
	- <b>15</b> – 15 mins	
	- <b>30</b> – 30 mins	
	- <b>45</b> – 45 mins	
	- <b>60</b> – 60 mins	
	- <b>90</b> – 90 mins	
	- <b>120</b> – 120 mins	
	- indication if multi-filter	
	- For single use only	
	- BS 8468-2:2006	
	- year and month of end of shelf life (yyyy/mm)	
	- manufacturer and model identification	
Filter poolsoging	- See information supplied by the manufacturer	
Filter packaging	<ul> <li>year and month of end of shelf life (yyyy/mm)</li> <li>manufacturer and model identification</li> </ul>	
PC 9/69 2 1: 200	- storage conditions	
<b>BS 8468-3.1: 2009</b> — Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological radiological and nuclear (CBRN) agents — Part 3.1: Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus incorporating a hood for escape - Specification		
	As for EN 1146:2005, plus	
	- number and year of the standard	
	- "class X CBRN" where $X = rated$ duration in 5 minute	
	increments from 15 to 30	
	9 - Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical,	
	cal and nuclear (CBRN) agents – Part 3.2: Air purifying devices	
	d for escape - Specification	
On hood	- number and year of the standard	
	- Type 1 (no escape from fire) or Type 2 (includes escape from fire)	
	fire) - <b>M</b> for devices intended to carried on the person until use	
	- <b>S</b> for devices intended to be stored until use	
	- class X CBRN where X = rated duration in minutes:	
	Class A Sprit Wilots A - Ialoa dalation in militates.	



	1	
	15	
	30	
	45	
	60	
	90	
	120	
Filters	If not integral with the hood, colour coded orange/white	
	Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological	
	ıclear (CBRN) agents – Part 4: Powered air purifying respirators -	
Specification		
Device	As for EN 12941:1999+A1:2004, or EN 12492:1999, plus:	
	- number and year of the standard	
	- full face masks marked according to EN 136:1998	
Filters	- filter class based on rated duration in minutes:	
	15	
	30	
	45	
	60	
	90	
	120	
	- device class, based on Type and Subtype:	
	Type 1 – loose fitting facepiece (hood etc)	
	Type 2 – tight fitting facepiece (mask)	
	Subtype A – not intended for use with optical systems	
	Subtype B - intended for use with optical systems	
	- colour code (orange/white)	
	- mark or symbol if for multi-filter device	
	- "For single use only"	
	- number and year of the standard	
	- year/month of end of shelf life in yyyy/mm format	
	- manufacturer and model	
	- "see information" or pictogram	
BS 8468-5: 2011 -	Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological	
	clear (CBRN) agents – Part 5: Dual mode apparatus - Specification	
Tadiological and tid	In accordance with the relevant parts of BS 8469,plus:	
	- number and year if this part of the standard	
BS 8468-6 1 201	11 - Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical,	
	cal and nuclear (CBRN) agents – Part 6.1: Positive pressure airline	
equipment - Specif	, , ,	
equipment - opecin		
	In accordance with EN 14593-1:2005, plus: - number and year if this part of the standard	
DC 9/60 6 3. 30/		
BS 8468-6.2: 2011 – Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical,		
biological radiological and nuclear (CBRN) agents – Part 6.2: Constant flow compressed airline equipment - Specification		
compressed airline		
	In accordance with EN 14594:2005, plus:	
	- number and year if this part of the standard	
<b>DO 0400 T 0040</b>	- "TIL 0.01%" if higher performance level claimed	
BS 8468-7: 2012 –	Respiratory protective devices for use against chemical, biological	



radiological and nuclear (CBRN) agents – Part 7: Closed circuit breathing apparatus - Specification		
	In accordance with EN 145:1998 and EN 136:1998, plus:	
	- number and year if this part of the standard	

### OTHER STANDARDS RELEVANT TO RPE

Occupational equipment is unlikely to be marked with these Standard numbers, but they may contain useful information on equipment performance or test methods.



1	
EN 132:1998	Glossary of RPE terms
EN 133:2001	Classification of RPE
EN 134:1998	Nomenclature of RPE components
EN 135:1998	List if equivalent terms in English, French and German
EN 142:2002	Mouthpieces for RPE
EN 144-1:2000	Gas cylinder valve insert connector thread specification
EN 144-2:1999	Gas cylinder valves - outlet connectors
EN 144-3:2003	Gas cylinder valves – Diving gases Nitrox and Oxygen
EN 148-1:1999	Facepiece standard thread connector specification
EN 148-2:1999	Facepiece centre thread specification
EN 148-3:1999	Facepiece M 45x3 thread specification
EN 529:2005	Respiratory protective devices – Recommendations for selection, use, care and maintenance – Guidance document
BS EN 837-1,2,3	Bourdon tube pressure gauges, dimensions and testing
1996	selection design, diaphragm gauges dimension and testing
EN 1972:1997	Diving accessories – Snorkels – safety requirements and test
	methods
BS 4275:1997	Guide to implementing an effective respiratory protective device
	programme – Now superseded by EN 529
BS EN	programme – <b>Now superseded by EN 529</b> Compressed air for breathing apparatus
BS EN 12021:1999	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for
_	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour
_	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as
12021:1999	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.
12021:1999 BS 8478:2011	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications
12021:1999 BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage
12021:1999 BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests
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12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008	programme – Now superseded by EN 529  Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-5:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002 EN 14683:2005	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods  Note: These are not respiratory protective devices
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-5:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-5:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002 EN 14683:2005  DD ISO TS	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods  Note: These are not respiratory protective devices  Human factors – Metabolic rates and respiratory flow rates
12021:1999  BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002 EN 14683:2005  DD ISO TS 16976-1:2007	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods  Note: These are not respiratory protective devices
BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-4:2001 EN 13274-5:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-7:2008 EN 13274-8:2002 EN 14683:2005  DD ISO TS 16976-1:2007 DD ISO TS	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods  Note: These are not respiratory protective devices  Human factors – Metabolic rates and respiratory flow rates
BS 8478:2011 EN 13274-1:2001 EN 13274-2:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-3:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-6:2001 EN 13274-6:2002 EN 13274-8:2002 EN 14683:2005  DD ISO TS 16976-1:2007 DD ISO TS 16976-2:2010	Compressed air for breathing apparatus  Note: National foreword reducing the general requirement for contaminant content of air to be generally <10% of the relevant 8-hour TWA OEL. CO limit for breathing air stated in HSE guidance (HSG53) as 5ppm.  RPD Breathing gases for diving and Hyperbaric applications  RPE test methods – inward leakage  RPE test methods – practical performance tests  RPE test methods – breathing resistance  RPE test methods – flame tests  RPE test methods – climatic conditions  RPE test methods – rebreathed CO <sub>2</sub> measurement  RPE test methods – particle filter penetration  RPE test methods – dolomite clogging  Surgical masks – Requirements and test methods  Note: These are not respiratory protective devices  Human factors – Metabolic rates and respiratory flow rates

The following standards relate to cylinders and associated equipment used on SCBA and diving equipment.



BS EN 1089-	Transportable gas cylinders gas cylinder identification part 3
3:2011	colour coding (revision being prepared)
BS EN 1802:2002	Transportable gas cylinders Periodic inspection and testing alloy
BS EN 1920:2000	Transportable gas cylinders for compressed gases inspection at
	time of filling
BS EN 1964-	Transportable gas cylinders steel
3:2000	
BS EN 1968:2002	Transportable gas cylinders Periodic inspection and testing steel
BS 5045-6:1987	Transportable gas containers less than 0.5l water capacity
BS 5045- 7:2000	Transportable gas containers water capacity 0.5 to 15 l
BS 5045-8:2000	Transportable gas containers water capacity 0.5 to 15 I up to 300
	bar
EN ISO 7225:	Gas cylinders – precautionary labels. Amended 2012
2007	
EN ISO 9809-1:	Gas cylinders. Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders. Design,
2010	construction and testing. Quenched and tempered steel cylinders
	with tensile strength less than 1100 MPa
BS EN ISO	Transportable gas cylinders compatibility of cylinder and
11114-1:2012	materials Metallic materials
BS EN ISO	Transportable gas cylinders compatibility of cylinder and
11114-2:2001	materials Non Metallic materials
BS EN ISO	Transportable gas cylinders compatibility of cylinder and
11114-3:2010	materials Autogenous ignition test in oxygen
EN ISO 11621:	Gas cylinders – Procedures for change of gas service
2005	
BS EN ISO	Transportable gas cylinders Periodic inspection and testing
11623: 2002	composite cylinders
BS EN	Transportable gas cylinders
12245:2002	
BS EN	Transportable gas cylinders
12257:2002	
	Transportable gas cylinders fitting of valves to gas cylinders
13341:1998	
BS ISO	Gas Cylinders stamp marking
13769:2009	
EN ISO 12209-1,	Pressure vessels intended for compressed air.
2 and 3:2001	To a constability of the second secon
EN ISO	Transportable gas cylinders. Inspection and maintenance of
22434:2011	cylinder valves
BS IEC	Procedures for ensuring the cleanliness of industrial process
60877:1999	measurement and control equipment in oxygen service.