SPEEDTEC 320CP

OPERATOR'S MANUAL





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THANKS! For having chosen the QUALITY of the Lincoln Electric products.

- Please Examine Package and Equipment for Damage. Claims for material damaged in shipment must be notified immediately to the dealer.
- For future reference record in the table below your equipment identification information. Model Name, Code & Serial Number can be found on the machine rating plate.

| Model Name: | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Code & Ser | Code & Serial number: | | | |
| | | | | |
| Date & Where Purchased: | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

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Technical Specifications (K14168-1)

| PRIMARY SIDE | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Primary power supply | 400 V +/-20% | | | |
| Primary power supply frequency | 50/60 Hz | | | |
| Effective primary consumption | 12 A | | | |
| Maximum primary consumption | 18,7 A | | | |
| Fuse primary | 16 A Gg | | | |
| Maximum apparent power | 13,1 kVA | | | |
| Maximum active power | 12,1 kW | | | |
| Active power in standby (IDLE) | 26 W | | | |
| Efficiency at maximum current | 0,86 | | | |
| Power factor at maximum current | 0,91 | | | |
| Cos Phi | 0,99 | | | |
| SECONDARY | SIDE | | | |
| No load voltage (according standard) | 74 V | | | |
| Welding range MIG | 10 V / 50 V | | | |
| Welding range MMA | 15 A / 320 A | | | |
| Duty cycle at 100% (10 min cycle at 40°C) | 220 A | | | |
| Duty cycle at 60% (6 min cycle at 40°C) | 280 A MIG / 270 A MMA | | | |
| Duty cycle at maximum current at 40°C | 320 A (40%) | | | |
| WIRE FEED | DER | | | |
| Rollers plate | 4 rollers | | | |
| Wire feeding speed | 0,5 – 25,0 m / mn | | | |
| Wire diameter usable | 0.6 to 1,2 mm | | | |
| Weight, type, size of wire spool | 300 mm / 20Kg maximum | | | |
| Maximum pressure of gas | 5 bar | | | |
| MISCELLEAN | NOUS | | | |
| Dimensions (Lxwxh) | 743 x 335,4 x 533,75 mm | | | |
| Weight | 37 kg | | | |
| Weight with spool 20kg | 58,4 kg | | | |
| Operating temperature | - 10°C/+40°C | | | |
| Storage temperature | - 20°C/+55°C | | | |
| Torch connection | "European type" | | | |
| Protection index | IP 23 | | | |
| Insulation class | Н | | | |
| Standard | 60974-1, 60974-5, 60974-10 | | | |

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

This machine has been designed in accordance with all relevant directives and standards. However, it may still generate electromagnetic disturbances that can affect other systems like telecommunications (telephone, radio, and television) or other safety systems. These disturbances can cause safety problems in the affected systems. Read and understand this section to eliminate or reduce the amount of electromagnetic disturbance generated by this machine.



This machine has been designed to operate in an industrial area. To operate in a domestic area it is necessary to observe particular precautions to eliminate possible electromagnetic disturbances. The operator must install and operate this equipment as described in this manual. If any electromagnetic disturbances are detected the operator must put in place corrective actions to eliminate these disturbances with, if necessary, assistance from Lincoln Electric.

Provided that the public low voltage system impedance at the point of common coupling is lower than $97m\Omega$, this equipment is compliant with IEC 61000-3-11 and 61000-3-12 and can be connected to public low voltage systems. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the system impedance complies with the impedance restrictions.

Before installing the machine, the operator must check the work area for any devices that may malfunction because of electromagnetic disturbances. Consider the following.

- Input and output cables, control cables, and telephone cables that are in or adjacent to the work area and the machine.
- Radio and/or television transmitters and receivers. Computers or computer controlled equipment.
- Safety and control equipment for industrial processes. Equipment for calibration and measurement.
- Personal medical devices like pacemakers and hearing aids.
- Check the electromagnetic immunity for equipment operating in or near the work area. The operator must be sure that all equipment in the area is compatible. This may require additional protection measures.
- The dimensions of the work area to consider will depend on the construction of the area and other activities that are taking place.

Consider the following guidelines to reduce electromagnetic emissions from the machine.

- Connect the machine to the input supply according to this manual. If disturbances occur if may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering the input supply.
- The output cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned together. If possible connect the work piece to ground in order to reduce the electromagnetic emissions. The operator must check that connecting the work piece to ground does not cause problems or unsafe operating conditions for personnel and equipment.
- Shielding of cables in the work area can reduce electromagnetic emissions. This may be necessary for special applications.

EMC classification of this product is class A in accordance with electromagnetic compatibility standard EN 60974-10 and therefore the product is designed to be used in an industrial environment only.

The Class A equipment is not intended for use in residential locations where the electrical power is provided by the public low-voltage supply system. There can be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in those locations, due to conducted as well as radio-frequency disturbances.



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This equipment must be used by qualified personnel. Be sure that all installation, operation, maintenance and repair procedures are performed only by qualified person. Read and understand this manual before operating this equipment. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual could cause serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment. Read and understand the following explanations of the warning symbols. Lincoln Electric is not responsible for damages caused by improper installation, improper care or abnormal operation.

| | WARNING: This symbol indicates that instructions must be followed to avoid serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment. Protect yourself and others from possible serious injury or death. |
|---|---|
| | READ AND UNDERSTAND INSTRUCTIONS: Read and understand this manual before operating this equipment. Arc welding can be hazardous. Failure to follow the instructions in this manual could cause serious personal injury, loss of life, or damage to this equipment. |
| Ť | ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL: Welding equipment generates high voltages. Do not touch the electrode, work clamp, or connected work pieces when this equipment is on. Insulate yourself from the electrode, work clamp, and connected work pieces. |
| 7 | ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT: Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on this equipment. Ground this equipment in accordance with local electrical regulations. |
| | ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT: Regularly inspect the input, electrode, and work clamp cables. If any insulation damage exists replace the cable immediately. Do not place the electrode holder directly on the welding table or any other surface in contact with the work clamp to avoid the risk of accidental arc ignition. |
| | ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY BE DANGEROUS: Electric current flowing through any conductor creates electric and magnetic fields (EMF). EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker shall consult their physician before operating this equipment. |
| CE | CE COMPLIANCE: This equipment complies with the European Community Directives. |
| Piccur radiation emission Callenge (Env 2200) | ARTIFICIAL OPTICAL RADIATION: According with the requirements in 2006/25/EC Directive and EN 12198 Standard, the equipment is a category 2. It makes mandatory the adoption of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) having filter with a protection degree up to a maximum of 15, as required by EN169 Standard. |
| | FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS: Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. To avoid these dangers the operator must use enough ventilation or exhaust to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. |
| | ARC RAYS CAN BURN: Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect you skin and that of your helpers. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc. |
| | WELDING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION: Remove fire hazards from the welding area and have a fire extinguisher readily available. Welding sparks and hot materials from the welding process can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Do not weld on any tanks, drums, containers, or material until the proper steps have been taken to insure that no flammable or toxic vapors will be present. Never operate this equipment when flammable gases, vapors or liquid combustibles are present. |
| authantility.com. | WELDED MATERIALS CAN BURN: Welding generates a large amount of heat. Hot surfaces and materials in work area can cause serious burns. Use gloves and pliers when touching or moving materials in the work area. |

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| S | SAFETY MARK: This equipment is suitable for supplying power for welding operations carried out in an environment with increased hazard of electric shock. |
|---------|---|
| | CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF DAMAGED: Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to a fixed support. Do not move or transport gas cylinders with the protection cap removed. Do not allow the electrode, electrode holder, work clamp or any other electrically live part to touch a gas cylinder. Gas cylinders must be located away from areas where they may be subjected to physical damage or the welding process including sparks and heat sources. |
| HF | CAUTION: The high frequency used for contact-free ignition with TIG (GTAW) welding, can interfere with the operation of insufficiently shielded computer equipment, EDP centers and industrial robots, even causing complete system breakdown. TIG (GTAW) welding may interfere with electronic telephone networks and with radio and TV reception. |
| kg | EQUIPMENT WEIGHT OVER 30kg: Move this equipment with care and with the help of another person. Lifting may be dangerous for your physical health. |
| <u></u> | NOISE APPEARES DURING WELDING CAN BE HARMFUL: Welding arc can cause noise with high level of 85dB for 8-hour week day. Welders operating welding machines are obligated to wear the proper ear protectors. Employers are obligated to carry examinations and measurements of health harmful factors. |

The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes and/or improvements in design without upgrade at the same time the operator's manual.

General description

SPEEDTEC 320CP is a manual welding set that enables the following:



- MIG-MAG welding with short arc, speed short arc, spray-arc, normal pulsed mode using currents from 15A to 320A.
- SPEEDTEC 320CP work with the water cooler COOLARC 46.
- Feeding different types of wire
 - steel, stainless steel, aluminum and special wires
 - solid and cored wires
 - diameters from 0.6-0.8-1.0-1.2 mm

Welding set components

The welding set consists of 4 main components:

- 1. power source including its primary cable (5m) without plug
- 2. gas hose kit assembly (2m)
- 3. work lead (3m)
- 4. rolls for solid wire V1.0/V1.2
- 5. USB key containing Instruction Manual

Recommended equipment, which can be bought by user, was mentioned in the chapter "Accessories". Read this entire section before installation or operation of the machine.

The plastic handles are not intended for slinging the set.

Stability of the equipment is guaranteed only for an incline of maximum 15° .

Location and Environment

This machine will operate in harsh environments. However, it is important that simple preventative measures are followed to assure long life and reliable operation.

- Do not use this machine for pipe thawing.
- This machine must be located where there is free circulation of clean air without restrictions for air movement to and from the air vents. Do not cover the machine with paper, cloth or rags when switched on.
- Dirt and dust that can be drawn into the machine should be kept to a minimum.
- This machine has a protection rating of IP23. Keep it dry when possible and do not place it on wet ground or in puddles.

- Locate the machine away from radio controlled machinery. Normal operation may adversely affect the operation of nearby radio controlled machinery, which may result in injury or equipment damage. Read the section on electromagnetic compatibility in this manual.
- Do not operate in areas with an ambient temperature greater than 40°C.

Duty cycle and overheating

- Duty cycle is the percentage of 10 minutes at 40°C ambient temperature that the unit can weld at its rated output without overheating.
- If the unit overheats, the output stops and the over temperature light comes On. To correct the situation, wait fifteen minutes for unit to cool.
- Reduce amperage, voltage or duty cycle before starting to weld again

Starting up

The power source is composed with:



- 1. Front panel display
- 2. European plug for torch
- 3. Additional plug for 2 potentiometers torch
- 4. Plug for ground cable and polarity inversion
- 5. Protection door for wire feeder section
- 6. Spool axle, shaft, axle nut
- 7. Gas purge button
- 8. Cold wire feeding button
- 9. Wire driver

Input Supply Connection

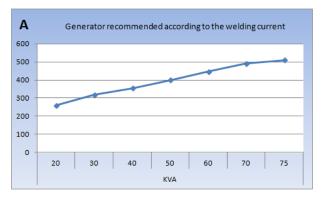
🗥 WARNING

Only a qualified electrician can connect the welding machine to the supply network. Installation the outlet plug to power lead and connecting the welding machine had to be made in accordance with the appropriate National Electrical Code and local regulations.

Check the input voltage, phase, and frequency supplied to this machine before turning it on. Verify the connection of grounding wires from the machine to the input source. **SPEEDTEC 320 CP** can only be connected to a mating grounded receptacle.

Input voltages is 3x400V 50/60Hz. For more information about input supply refer to the technical specification section of this manual and to the rating plate of the machine.

Make sure that the amount of mains power available from the input supply is adequate for normal operation of the machine. The type of protection and cable sizes are indicated in the technical specification section of this manual.



The welding machine can be supplied from a power generator of output power at least 30% larger than input power of the welding machine. See "Technical Specifications" chapter.

When powering welder from a generator be sure to turn off welding machine first, before generator is shut down, in order to prevent damage to welding machine!

To set up the wire:

- Turn the power source off.
- Open the door of the wire-feeder unit [5] and ensure that it can not fall.
- Unscrew the spool axle nut. [6].
- Insert the spool of wire on the axis. Make sure that the locating pin of the shaft [6] is properly located into the reel locator.
- Screw the spool nut [6] back on the shaft, turning it in the direction shown by the arrow.
- Lower the lever of wire driver [9] in order to release the rollers.
- Take the end of the wire of the spool and cut the distorted end piece.
- Straighten the first 15 centimeters of wire.
- Insert the wire via the inlet wire-guide of the plate.
- Lower the rollers [9] and raise the lever in order to immobilize it.
- Adjust the pressure of the rollers on the wire to the correct tension.

Wire feed

The wire feeding button (8) feeds the wire into the torch. The wire feeds over 1s at minimum speed and the speed increases gradually until the set wire speed is reached, but is limited to 12 m/min. The settings may be change at any time; the power source displays the speed.

To feed the wire through the torch. Maintain the wire feeding button (8).

Wire speed can be adjusted with the button on front panel.

To full the gas line or adjust the gas flow. Push the gas bleed button (7).

Wire driver wear part

The wearing parts of the wire driver, whose role is to guide and advance the welding wire, must be adapted to the type and diameter of the welding wire used. On the other hand, their wear may affect the welding results. Is necessary to replace them.

Connection of the torch

THE MIG WELDING TORCH IS CONNECTED TO THE FRONT OF THE POWER SOURCE, AFTER ENSURING IT HAS BEEN PROPERLY OUTFITTED WITH THE WEAR PARTS CORRESPONDING TO THE WIRE USED FOR WELDING.

For this purpose, please refer to the torch instructions.

Gas inlet connection

The gas inlet is positioned at the rear of the power source. Simply connect it to the pressure-regulator outlet of the gas cylinder.

- Place the gas cylinder on the trolley at the rear of the power source and fasten the bottle using the strap.
- Open the cylinder valve slightly to allow existing impurities to escape and then reclose it.
- Mount the pressure regulator/flowmeter.
- Open the gas cylinder.

During welding, the gas flow rate should be between 10 and 20l/min.

Be sure that the gas cylinder is properly secured on the trolley by attaching the safety strap.

Switch on



The main switch is located at the rear of the power source. Flip this switch to turn the machine on.

This switch must never be flipped during welding.

At each start-up, the power source displays the software version and recognized power.

Instructions for use

Front panel functions



| Left display: Voltage, Right display: Current/ wire speed /wire thickness | 1 |
|--|-----|
| Display for selection of welding mode | 2 |
| Selector button for welding mode | 3 |
| Selector switch for welding process | 4 |
| Measurement indicator of displayed values (pre-welding, welding and post-welding data) | 5 |
| Led indicator for program mode | 6 |
| Encoder voltage setup and navigation | 7 |
| Encoder for current, wire speed, metal sheet thickness setup and navigatio | n 8 |
| Display mode indicator current, wire speed, metal sheet thickness | 9 |
| Selector button for pre-display and program management | 10 |
| Selector switch for type of gas, wire diameter and type of welding wire | 11 |
| | |

Calibrate the power source



Step 1: Turn the wire diameter switch to position

and press the **LCU** to access the **COnFIG** Setup screen.

Step 2: Select the CaL parameter with the left-hand encoder and select **On** with the right-hand encoder.

Step 3: Press the Level on the front panel. The display unit indicates triGEr.

Step 4: Remove the torch nozzle.

Step 5: Cut the wire.

Step 6: Place the piece in contact with the contact tube.

Step 7: Press the trigger.

Step 8: The display will indicate the value of L (cable inductance).

Step 9: Display the value of R using the right-hand encoder (cable resistance).

Step 10: Exit Setup.



When starting up for the first time, the calibration is an unavoidable step to achieve quality welding. If polarity is reversed, this step must be repeated

Display and use

Synergic mode

The Current, Voltage and Thickness values listed for each wire feed speed setting are provided for information purposes only. They correspond to measurements under given operating conditions, such as position, length of the end section (flat position welding, butt welding).

The units current/voltage displayed correspond to the average measured values, and they may differ from the theoretical values.

Measurement indicator of displayed values:

OFF: pre-welding display of instructions. ON: Display of measurements (average values).

Flashing: Measurements during welding.

Selection of wire, diameter, gas, welding process Select the type of wire, the wire diameter, the used welding gas and welding process by turning the appropriate switch.

Selection of the material will determine the available values for diameter, gas and processes.

If synergy doesn't exist, power source displays nOt SYn, GAS SYn, DdIA SYn, or Pro SYn.

Selection of welding mode, arc length and prewelding display

Select welding mode 2S, 4S, spot, synergic and manual

by pressing **D**. Arc length can be adjusted with left encoder (7) and pre-welding display adjustment is performed with right encoder (8). The selection of pre-

welding preset is performed with press button

Manual mode

This is the disengaged mode of the welding machine. Adjustable parameters for it are wire speed, arc voltage and fine setting.

In this mode, only the wire speed value is displayed.

Have to select wire diameter, gas and welding process before starting welding.



Accessing the SETUP:

The SETUP screen can only be accessed when no welding is in progress, by setting the Wire Diameter selector on the front panel to position 1.

It consist in two pull-down menu:

'CYCLE' \rightarrow Setting for the cycle phases. Refer to table for detail

'COnFIG' → Power source configuration

Configuring the SETUP:

In SETUP position, select CYCLE or COnFIG by pressing

Turn the left-hand encoder to scroll through the available parameters.

Turn the **right-hand** encoder to set their value.

No welding start. All the changes are saved on exiting the SETUP menu.

| List of accessible parameters in COnFIG menu | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------|---------|---|
| Left display | Right display | Step | Default | Description |
| GrE | On -;OFF – Aut | | Aut | Configuration of the Water Cooling Unit. 3 possibles states : - On : Forced on, watercooler is always activated - OFF : Forced off, watercooler is always deactivated - Aut : Automatic mode, Watercooler works when according need |
| ScU | nc – no - OFF | | OFF | Security of water cooling. 3 possible states : - nc : Normally closed, - no : Normally open, - OFF : Deactivate |
| Unit | US – CE | | CE | Unit displayed for wire speed and thickness: - US : inch unit - CE : meter unit |
| CPt | OFF- 0,01 - 1,00 | 0,01 s | 0,30 | Trigger holding time in order to call program (Only in 2S welding mode). Can be used only for welding program from 50 to 99. |
| PGM | no – yES | | No | Activate / deactivate program management mode |
| PGA | OFF – ; 000 – 020 % | 1% | OFF | Use to setup available adjustment range of the following parameters: wire speed, arc voltage, arc dynamics, pulse fine-setting. Use only when program management is activated and programs are locked. |
| AdJj | Loc – rC | | Loc | Select adjustment Wire speed and arc voltage : - Loc : Local on the power source - rC : remote Control or torch potentiometer |
| CAL | OFF – on | | OFF | Calibration of torch & ground harness |
| L | 0 – 50 | 1 uH | 14 | Cable choke setting / display |
| r | 0 – 50 | 1Ω | 8 | Cable resistor setting / display |
| SoF | no – yES | | No | Software update mode. |
| FAC | no – yES | | No | Factory settings reset. Pressing YeS will cause a reset of the parameters to factory defaults when exit |

| List of accessible parameters in CYCLE menu | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------|---------|--|
| Left display | Right display | Step | Default | Description |
| tPt | 00.5 – 10.0 | 0,1 s | 0,5 | Spot time. In Spot mode and in Manual mode, the Hot Start, Downslope and sequencer settings cannot be changed |
| PrG | 00.0 - 10.0 | 0,1 s | 0,5 | Pre-gas time |
| tHS | OFF – 00.1 – 10.0 | 0,1 s | 0,1 | Hot start time |
| IHS | 70 – 70 | 1 % | 30 | Hot start current (wire speed). X% \pm the welding current |
| UHS | 70 – 70 | 1 % | 0 | Hot start voltage X% \pm the arc voltage |
| dYn | 10 + 10 20 + 20 | 1 % | 0 | Fine setting in short arc |
| rFP | 10 + 10 20 + 20 | 1 % | 0 | Fine setting in pulse |
| dyA | 00 – 100 | 1 | 50 | Arc striking dynamics at electrode |
| tSE | OFF – 0.01 – 2.50 | 0,01 s | OFF | Sequencer time (Sequencer, only in synergic mode) |
| ISE | 90 + 90 | 1 % | 30 | Sequencer current level. X% \pm the welding current |
| dSt | OFF – 00.1 – 05.0 | 0,1 s | OFF | Down-slope time |
| DdSI | 70 – 00.0 | 1 % | 30 | Down-slope current (wire speed). X% \pm the welding current |
| dSU | 70 – 70 | 1 % | 0 | Down-slope voltage. X% \pm the arc voltage |
| Pr_ | 0.00 - 0.20 | 0,01 s | 0,05 | Anti-stick time |
| PrS | Nno – yES | | no | Pr-Spray activation |
| PoG | 00.0 – 10.0 | 0,05 s | 0,05 | Post-gas time |

Program management

SPEEDTEC 320 CP allows creating, storing and modifying up to 99 welding programs directly on front panel from program 01 to program 99. This function is activated by moving parameter PGM from no to YES in COnFIG menu.

P00 is the working program in any state. (Program management mode activated or deactivated). When power source is working on this program, the Led indicator "JOB" is switched off. All commutators are accessible in this mode, so it will be used to set programs.

P01 to P99 are program saved, only if program management mode is activated. When power source is working on these programs, the led indicator "JOB" is switched on. In this mode, commutators welding

process, wire diameter, gas and metal are not available. When a program selected has been modified, the indicator "JOB" blinks.

Create and save a program:

These paragraph explains how to create, modify and save a welding program. Hereunder is explained the common menu used.

- 1. Activate program management mode: \rightarrow
- PGM \rightarrow put YES \rightarrow exit
- Set your program with the 4 commutators (4) and (11) then long push
- 3. Screen displays message as following:



Program call with trigger

This function allows to chain from 2 to 10 programs. This function is available in 4S welding mode only and program management mode has to be activated

Program chaining:

The function program call works with programs from P50 to P99 by ten.

 P50→P59 ; P60→P69 ; P70→P79 ; P80→P89 ; P90→P99

Select first program with which you want to begin your chain. Then during welding, each time you will push trigger, program will change.

To chain less than ten programs, in the program following end of loop desired put a different parameter (As synergy or welding cycle).

It is possible to setup time of trigger push to detect



from 1 to 100 \rightarrow exit

Example: Create a program list from P50 to P55 (6 programs).

In program P56, put different welding cycle or synergy than P55 in order to finish chain

Select program P50 (First program for start of welding Start welding

Each time trigger will be pushed, power source will change program until P55. When chain is finished, power source will restart to P50.

Output Connections

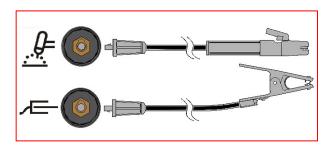
A quick disconnect system using Twist-Mate[™] cable plugs is used for the welding cable connections. Refer to the following sections for more information on connecting the machine for operation of stick welding (MMA) or TIG welding.

(+) Positive Quick Disconnect: Positive output connector for the welding circuit.

(-) Negative Quick Disconnect: Negative output connector for the welding circuit.

Stick Welding (MMA)

First determine the proper electrode polarity for the electrode to be used. Consult the electrode data for this information. Then connect the output cables to the output terminals of the machine for the selected polarity. Shown here is the connection method for DC(+) welding. Connect the electrode cable to the (+) terminal and the work clamp to the (-) terminal. Insert the connector with the key lining up with the keyway and rotate approximately ¼ turn clockwise. Do not over tighten. For DC(-) welding, switch the cable connections at the machine so that the electrode cable is connected to (-) and the work clamp is connected to (+).



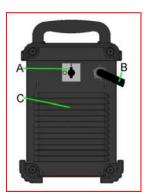
Remote Control Connection



Refer to the accessories section for a list of remote controls. If a remote control is used, it will be connected to the remote connector on the front of the machine. The machine will automatically detect the remote control, turn on the REMOTE

LED, and switch to remote control mode. More information on this mode of operation will be given in the next section.

Other Controls and Features



A: Power Switch: It turns ON/OFF the input power to the machine.

- B: Input cable: Connect it to the mains.
- C: Fan. This machine has a F.A.N. (Fan As Needed)

Circuitry inside: the fan is automatically turned ON or OFF. This feature reduces the amount of dirt which can be drawn inside the machine and reduces power consumption. When the machine is turned ON the fan will turn ON. The fan will continue to run whenever the machine is welding. If the machine doesn't weld for more than five minutes, the fan will turn OFF.

D: Water Cooler Connection **SPEEDTEC 320CP** work with the water cooler **COOLARC 46** (see "Accessories" chapter).

Read and understand the cooler manual before connecting it to the power source.

Before connecting cooler, refer to the manual of wire feeder.



The **COOLARC 46** is supplied by welding power source using 9-PIN socket.

Input voltages is 400V, 50/60Hz. Make sure that the supply voltage of the unit matches the cooler's rated voltage.

To connect the water cooler COOLARC 46 to the power source:

- Turn off the power source and disconnect input plug.
- Remove the cap from the Water Cooler Supply Socket.
- Insert 9-pin plug of the water cooler power lead into the Water Cooler Power Supply Socket.

Do not switch on the welding power source with the cooler applied if the reservoir was not filled and the torch's/gun's hoses are disconnected from the cooling unit. The no observance of this warning may be cause internal damages at the cooler unit.

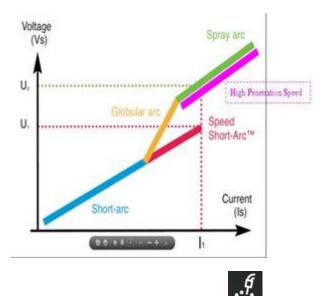
Presentation of welding processes

For carbon and stainless steels, **SPEEDTEC 320CP** uses 2 types of short arc:

- "soft" or "smooth" short arc
- The "dynamic" short arc or « SSA ».

PULSED MIG MAY BE USED ON ALL TYPES OF METAL (STEEL, STAINLESS STEEL AND ALUMINIUM) WITH SOLID WIRES AND SOME CORED WIRES. IT IS PARTICULARLY SUITABLE FOR STAINLESS STEEL AND ALUMINIUM, FOR WHICH IT IS THE IDEAL PROCESS, ELIMINATING SPATTER AND ACHIEVING EXCELLENT WIRE FUSION.

Characteristics of the power source arc



"Soft" or "Smooth" short arc (SA)

The "soft" short arc achieves **great reduction in spatter** when welding carbon steels, resulting in a very significant reduction in finishing costs.

It improves the appearance of the weld bead thanks to improved wetting of the molten pool.

The "soft" short arc is suitable for welding in all positions. An increase in wire feed speed enables entering spray arc mode without preventing transition into globular mode. Waveform of short arc welding process



The "soft" short arc is slightly more energetic than the "speed" short arc. Consequently the "speed" short arc may be preferable to the "soft" short arc for welding very thin sheets (≤ 1 mm) or for welding penetration passes.

"Dynamic" short arc or "Speed Short Arc"



The Speed Short Arc or SSA allows greater versatility in welding carbon and stainless steels and absorbs fluctuations in the welder's hand movements, for example when welding in a difficult position. It also helps compensate for differences in the preparation of the work pieces.

By increasing the wire feed speed, the SA mode enters seamlessly into SSA mode, while preventing the globular mode.

Thanks to its quick arc control and using appropriate programming, **SPEEDTEC 320CP** can artificially extend the Short Arc range to higher currents, in the range of the **speed short arc**.

Waveform of speed short arc welding process



By eliminating the "globular" arc mode, which is characterized by heavy and sticky spatter and higher energy than the short arc, the speed short arc enables to:

- Reduce the amount of distortions at high welding currents in the typical "globular" welding range
- Reduce the amount of spatter compared to the globular mode
- Achieve good weld appearance
- Reduce smoke emissions compared with the usual modes (up to 25% less)
- Achieve good rounded penetration
- Enable welding in all positions

The CO_2 programmes automatically and exclusively use the "soft" short arc and do not enable access to the speed short arc. The "dynamic" short arc is not suitable for CO_2 , welding due to arc instability.



Metal transfer in the arc takes place by detachment of droplets caused by current pulses. The microprocessor calculates all the Pulsed MIG parameters for each wire speed, to ensure superior welding and striking results.

- The advantages of pulsed MIG are :
- Reduced distortions at high welding currents in the customary "globular" welding and spray arc ranges
- Enables all welding positions
- Excellent fusion of stainless steel and aluminum wires
- Almost complete elimination of spatter and hence of finishing work
- good bead appearance
- Reduced smoke emissions compared with customary methods and even-speed short-arc (up to 50% less);

Pulsed **SPEEDTEC 320CP** programs for <u>stainless steel</u> eliminate the small spatter that may occur on thin sheets at very low wire feed speeds. These "balls" are caused by slight spraying of the metal at the time of droplet detachment. The extent of this phenomenon depends on the type and origin of the wires.

These programmes for stainless steel have undergone improvements for operation at <u>low currents</u> and increasing the flexibility of use for thin sheet welding using Pulsed MIG method.

Excellent results for welding thin stainless steel sheets (1 mm) are obtained using the pulsed MIG method with \emptyset 1 mm wire in M12 or M11 shield (average 30A is acceptable).

The appearance of joints processed using, **SPEEDTEC 320CP** is of a quality <u>comparable with that achieved by</u> <u>TIG welding</u>.

Advanced welding cycle

Step cycle 2S

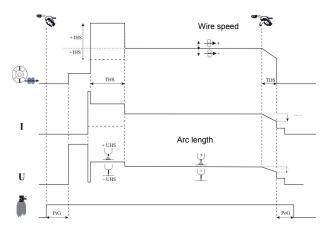
Pressing the trigger activates wire feed and pre-gas and turns on the welding current. Releasing the trigger causes the welding to stop.

The Hot Start cycle is validated by the tHS≠OFF



parameter in the general Cycle submenu of the **E**. It enables starting the welding with a current peak that facilitates striking.

The down-slope enables weld bead finish with a decreasing level of welding.



Step cycle 4S

Pulling the trigger the first time activates the pre-gas, followed by Hot Start. Releasing the trigger starts the welding.

If HOT START is not active, welding will start immediately after pre-gas. In such a case, releasing the trigger (2nd step) will have no effect, and the welding cycle will continue.

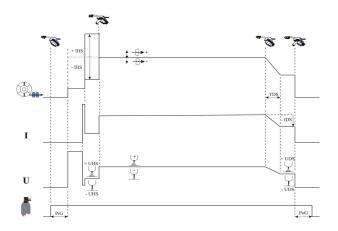
Pressing the trigger in the welding phase (3rd step) enables control of the duration of the down-slope and anti-crater functions, according to the pre-programmed time delay.

If there is no down-slope, releasing the trigger will immediately switch into post-gas (as programmed in the Setup).

In 4-Step mode (4S), releasing the trigger stops the anticrater function if slope-down is $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ENABLED}}$.

If slope-down is DISABLED, releasing the trigger will stop the POST-GAS.

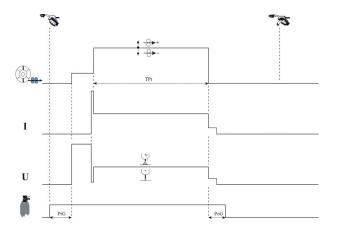
The Hot Start and slope-down functions are not available in manual mode.



Spot cycle (...)

Pressing the trigger activates wire feed and pre-gas and turns on the welding current. Releasing the trigger causes the welding to stop.

Adjustment of the Hot Start, down-slope and sequencer settings is disabled. At the end of the spot time-delay, welding stops.



Sequencer cycle

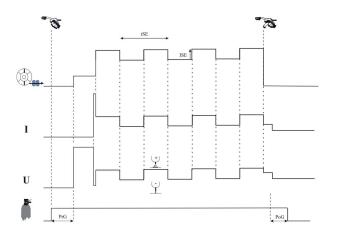
The sequencer is validated by the parameter "tSE≠0ff"



in the specific cycle submenu of **C** To access it :

The "tSE" parameter is displayed in the "CYCLE" menu Set this parameter to a value between 0 and 9.9 s.

tSE : DURATION OF THE 2 STEPS if ≠ Off. ise : **2nd level current as** % of the 1st level. AVAILABLE ONLY IN SYNERGIC MODE, 2T CYCLE, OR 4T CYCLE



Fine setting

(parameter adjustable in the "rFP cycle setup menu) In pulsed welding, the fine-setting function enables optimizing the place of droplet detachment according to the variation in the compositions of utilized wires and welding gases.

When fine spatter that may adhere to the work piece is observed in the arc, the fine-tune setting must be changed toward negative values.

If large drops are transferred by the arc, the fine-tune setting must be changed towards positive values.

In Smooth mode (short arc), lowering the fine-tune setting enables achieving a more dynamic transfer mode

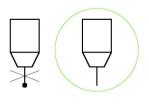
and the possibility of welding while reducing the energy carried to the weld pool by shortening the arc length.

A higher fine-tune setting causes an increase in arc length. A more dynamic arc facilitates welding in all positions, but has the disadvantage of causing more spatters.

PR-spray or wire sharpening

The end of welding cycles can be modified to prevent the formation of a ball at the end of the wire. This wire operation produces almost

perfect restriking. The selected solution consists in injecting a current peak at end of cycle, which causes the wire end to become pointed.



This current peak at end of cycle is not always desirable. For instance, when welding thin sheet metal, such this mechanism can cause a crater.

| SHORT ARC | | | | |
|-----------------|--------|--------|------|--------|
| | 0,6 mm | 0,8 mm | 1 mm | 1,2 mm |
| | M21 | M21 | M21 | M21 |
| Steel | M14 | M14 | M14 | M14 |
| Sieer | M20 | M20 | M20 | M20 |
| | / | C1 | C1 | C1 |
| | 1 | M11 | M11 | M11 |
| CrNi | 1 | M12 | M12 | M12 |
| | 1 | M12 | M12 | M12 |
| AlSi | 1 | / | 11 | l1 |
| Al | / | / | 1 | l1 |
| AIMg3 | / | / | l1 | l1 |
| AlMg4,5 Mn | 1 | / | 11 | l1 |
| AIMg5 | 1 | / | 11 | l1 |
| Cupro SI | 1 | l1 | 11 | l1 |
| Cupro Alu | / | / | l1 | l1 |
| F CAW | / | / | M21 | M21 |
| RCW | / | / | M21 | M21 |
| SD 100 | / | / | C1 | C1 |
| MCW : SD 200 | / | / | M21 | M21 |
| BCW : | 1 | / | 1 | M21 |
| SD 400 | 1 | / | 1 | C1 |

List of synergies

| PULSE | | | | |
|---------------|--------|--------|------|--------|
| | 0,6 mm | 0,8 mm | 1 mm | 1,2 mm |
| | 1 | M21 | M21 | M21 |
| Steel | 1 | M14 | M14 | M14 |
| | 1 | M20 | M20 | M20 |
| | / | M11 | M11 | M11 |
| CrNi | / | M12 | M12 | M12 |
| | / | M12 | M12 | M12 |
| AlSi | 1 | 1 | l1 | 11 |
| AI | 1 | 1 | 1 | l1 |
| AIMg 3,5 | / | 1 | l1 | 11 |
| AIMg4,5 Mn | / | 1 | l1 | 11 |
| AIMg5 | 1 | 1 | l1 | 11 |
| Cupro SI | 1 | 1 | l1 | l1 |
| Cupro Alu | 1 | / | l1 | 11 |
| MCW SD 200 | / | / | / | M21 |
| BCW SD 400 | / | 1 | / | M21 |

NOTE For any other synergies, please contact our agency.

| GAZ TABLE | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Description on power source | Gas name | | |
| CO2 | C1 | | |
| Ar(82%) / CO2(18%) | M21 | | |
| Ar(92%) / CO2(8%) | M20 | | |
| Ar / CO2 / O2 | M14 | | |
| Ar / CO2 / H2 | M11 | | |
| Ar(98%) / CO2(2%) | M12 | | |
| Ar / He / CO2 | M12 | | |
| Ar | 11 | | |

| WIRE'S PART | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description on power source | Designation | | |
| Steel | Steel Solid wire | | |
| F CAW | Cored wire for Zn coated steel | | |
| CrNi | Stainless steel solid wire | | |
| AlSi | | | |
| AI. | | | |
| AIMg3 | Aluminium solid wire | | |
| AINI4,5Mn | | | |
| AIMg5 | | | |
| CuproSi | Copper Silicium solid wire | | |
| CuproAl | Copper Aluminum solid wire | | |
| BCW | Basic core wire | | |
| MCW | Metal core wire | | |
| RCW | Rutil core wire | | |

Troubleshooting procedure

| <u>-</u> | Servicing of electrical equipment must be performed by qualified personnel only | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| CAUSES | SOLUTIONS | | |
| | VHILE THE FRONT PANEL IS OFF | | |
| Power supply | CHECK THE MAINS SUPPLY (TO EACH PHASE) | | |
| | THE MESSAGE E01-ond | | |
| SOURCE WAS EXCEEDED | VER PRESS THE OK BUTTON TO CLEAR THE FAULT. IF THE PROBLEM PERSISTS, CALL CUSTOMER SUPPORT | | |
| | THE MESSAGE E02 inu | | |
| POOR RECOGNITION OF THE SOURCE OF POWE ONLY AT START-UP –. Connectors in fault | R – Make sure that the ribbon cable between the inverter's main card and the cycle card is properly connected. | | |
| DISPLAY OF | THE MESSAGE E07 400 | | |
| Inappropriate main voltage | Make sure that the main voltage is in the +/- 20% acceptable range of primary power supply of the power source. | | |
| DISPLAY OF | THE MESSAGE E24 SEn | | |
| Temperature sensor in fault | MAKE SURE THAT CONNECTOR B9 IS PROPERLY CONNECTED TO THE CYCLE CARD (IF NOT, TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT IS NOT PERFORMED) THE TEMPERATURE SENSOR IS OUT OF ORDER. CALL CUSTOMER SUPPORT | | |
| DISPLAY OF | F THE MESSAGE E25 -C | | |
| Power source overheating | Let the generator cool down The fault disappears by itself after several minutes | | |
| Ventilation | Make sure that the inverter fan works. | | |
| | IE MESSAGE E33- MEM-LIM hat the memory is no longer operational | | |
| Malfunctioning during saving of memory | CALL CUSTOMER SERVICE. | | |
| | THE MESSAGE E43 brd | | |
| Electronic board in default | CalL CUSTOMER SERVICE. | | |
| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE E50 H20 | | | |
| Cooler unit in default | MAKE SURE THAT COOLER UNIT IS WELL PLUGGED. CHECK COOLER UNIT (TRANSFORMER, WATERPUMP,) IF NO COOLER UNIT IS USED, DESACTIVATE PARAMETER IN | | |
| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE E63 IMO | | | |
| Mechanical problem | PRESSURE ROLLER IS TOO TIGHT. WIRE FEED HOSE IS CLOGGED WITH DIRT. THE LOCK OF THE WIRE FEED SPOOL AXLE IS TOO TIGHT. | | |
| DISPLAY OF | THE MESSAGE E65-Mot | | |
| Defective connectors | Check the connection of the encoder ribbon cable to the wire feeder's motor. | | |
| Mechanical problem | MAKE SURE THAT THE WIRE FEEDER ASSEMBLY IS NOT BLOCKED. | | |
| Power supply | Check the connection of the motor's power supply. Check F2 (6A) on the auxiliary power card. | | |
| DISPLAY OF THE ME | SSAGE E-71-PRO-DIA-MET-GAS | | |
| HMI selector PROCESS-DIAMETER-METAL-GAS default | in default | | |
| | THE MESSAGE STE PUL | | |

| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE I-A-MAHX | | |
|--|---|--|
| Maximum current of power source reached | Decrease wire speed or arc voltage | |
| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE bPX-on | | |
| Message indicating that or is kept depressed at unexpected times | default | |
| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE SPEXXX | | |
| Wire feeding is always activated involuntarily | Check the wire feeding button isn't blocked Check the connection of this button and electronic board | |
| DISPLAY OF THE MESSAGE LOA DPC | | |
| UPDATE software by PC is activated involuntarily | Stop and start e power source, after call customer service if always in default | |
| TRIGGER FAULT | | |
| This message is generated when the trigger is pulled at a time when it can accidentally cause starting a cycle. | Trigger pulled before the power source is turned on or during a reset due to a fault. | |
| NO WELDING POWER - NO ERROR MESSAGE | | |
| Power cable not connected Power source failure | Check the connection of the ground strip and the torch IN COATED ELECTRODE MODE, CHECK FOR VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE WELDING TERMINALS AT THE FRONT OF THE GENERATOR. IF NO VOLTAGE, CALL CUSTOMER SUPPORT. | |
| WELDING QUALITY | | |
| Wrong calibration Change of torch and/or ground strip or work piece Unstable or fluctuating welding | Check the fine setting parameter (RFP = 0) Perform re-calibration. (Verify proper electrical contact at the welding circuit). Make sure that the sequencer is not activated. Check the Hot | |
| Unstable or fluctuating welding | Start and the down-slope. Select the manual mode. The limitation is imposed by | |
| Limited range of adjustment settings | synergy compatibility rules. IF USING RC JOB MAKE SURE YOU HAVE NOT ACTIVATED THE PASSWORD-OPERATED SETTING LIMITATION | |
| Poor power source power supply | Check proper connection of the three power supply phases. | |
| OTHER | | |
| Wire stuck in the molten pool or at the contact tube | Optimize the arc extinction parameters: PR spray and post retract | |
| Display of the triG message when turning the power on. | The TtriG message is displayed if the trigger is activated before switching on the welding set | |
| If the problem persists, you may reset the parameters to factory defaults. For this purpose, with the welding unit | | |
| turned off, select the Setup position at the front panel selector, press and keep it depressed while turning on the generator. | | |

PLEASE NOTE Consider recording your work parameters first, because this operation will erase all the programmes saved in memory. If RESETTING to factory values does not solve the problem, call Customer Support.

Maintenance

General

Twice a year, depending on the use of the device, inspect the following:

- cleanliness of the power source
- electrical and gas connections
- Perform calibration of the current and voltage settings.
- Check electrical connections of the power, control and power supply circuits.
- Check the condition of insulation, cables, connections and pipes.
- Perform a compressed air cleaning

Never carry out cleaning or repair work inside the device before making sure that the unit has been completely disconnected from the mains.

Dismantle the generator panels and use suction to remove dust and metal particles accumulated between the magnetic circuits and the windings of the transformer.

Work must be performed using a plastic tip to avoid damage to the insulation of the windings.

At each start-up of the welding unit and prior to calling customer support for technical servicing, please check that:

- Power terminals are not improperly tightened.
- The selected mains voltage is correct.
- There is proper gas flow.
- Type and diameter of the wire. Torch condition.

Torch

REGULARLY CHECK THE PROPER TIGHTNESS OF THE CONNECTIONS OF THE WELDING CURRENT SUPPLY. MECHANICAL STRESSES RELATED TO THERMAL SHOCKS TEND TO LOOSEN SOME PARTS OF THE TORCH, PARTICULARLY:

- The contact tube
- The coaxial cable
- The welding nozzle
- The quick connector

Check that the gasket of the gas inlet spigot is in good condition.

Remove the spatter between the contact tube and the nozzle and between the nozzle and the skirt.

Spatter is easier to remove if the procedure is repeated at short intervals.

Do not use hard tools that may scratch the surface of these parts and cause spatter to become attached to it.

Blow out the liner after each change of a spool of wire. Carry out this procedure from the side of the quick fitting connector plug of the torch.

If necessary, replace the wire inlet guide of the torch. Severe wear of the wire guide may cause gas leaks

towards the rear of the torch. The contact tubes are designed for long use. Nevertheless, the passage of wire causes them to wear off, widening the bore more than the permissible tolerances for good contact between the tube and the wire.

The need to replace them becomes clear when the metal transfer process becomes unstable, all the settings of the work parameters remaining otherwise

normal.

Rollers and wire guide

UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF USE, THESE ACCESSORIES HAVE A LONG SERVICEABLE LIFE BEFORE THEIR REPLACEMENT BECOMES NECESSARY.

Sometimes, however, after being used over a period of time, excessive wear or clogging due to adhering deposits may be noted.

To minimize such harmful effects, make sure the wire feeder plate remains clean. The motor reduction unit requires no maintenance.

For any maintenance or repair operations it is recommended to contact the nearest technical service center or Lincoln Electric. Maintenance or repairs performed by unauthorized service centers or personnel will null and void the manufacturer's warranty.

The frequency of the maintenance operations may vary in accordance with the working environment. Any noticeable damage should be reported immediately.

- Check cables and connections integrity. Replace, if necessary.
- Keep clean the machine. Use a soft dry cloth to clean the external case, especially the airflow inlet / outlet louvers.

Do not open this machine and do not introduce anything into its openings. Power supply must be disconnected from the machine before each maintenance and service. After each repair, perform proper tests to ensure safety.

Customer Assistance Policy

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind, including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to www.lincolnelectric.com for any updated information.

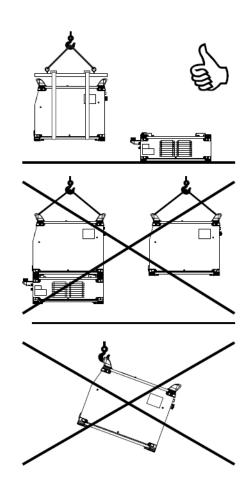
Transport & Lifting



Falling equipment can cause injury and damage to unit.

During transportation and lifting with a crane, adhere to the following rules:

- Power source does not include the eye bolt which can be used to transport or lifting the machine.
- To lift use of suitable lifting equipment capacity.
- To lifting and transport use a travers and minimum two belts.
- Lift only power source without gas cylinder, cooler and wire feeder, or/and any other accessories.



WEEE



Do not dispose of electrical equipment together with normal waste! In observance of European Directive 2012/19/UE on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

and its implementation in accordance with national law, electrical equipment that has reached the end of its life must be collected separately and returned to an environmentally compatible recycling facility. As the owner of the equipment, you should get information on approved collection systems from our local representative.

By applying this European Directive you will protect the environment and human health!

Spare Parts

Part List reading instructions

- Do not use this part list for a machine if its code number is not listed. Contact the Lincoln Electric Service Department for any code number not listed.
- Use the illustration of assembly page and the table below to determine where the part is located for your particular code machine.
- Use only the parts marked "X" in the column under the heading number called for in the assembly page (# indicate a change in this printing).

First, read the Part List reading instructions above, then refer to the "Spare Part" manual supplied with the machine that contains a picture-descriptive part number cross-reference.

Authorized Service Shops Location

- The purchaser must contact a Lincoln Authorized Service Facility (LASF) about any defect claimed under Lincoln's warranty period.
- Contact your local Lincoln Sales Representative for assistance in locating a LASF or go to www.lincolnelectric.com/en-gb/Support/Locator.

Electrical Schematic

Refer to the "Spare Part" manual supplied with the machine

07/06

Accessories

| K14105-1 | COOLARC 46 |
|------------------------------|---|
| W000275904 | REMOTE CONTROL (10m, WFS and V control) |
| K10158-1 | ADAPTER FOR SPOOL TYPE B300 |
| LINC GUN™ | |
| W10429-24-3M | LGS2 240 G-3.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-24-4M | LGS2 240 G-4.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-24-5M | LGS2 240 G-5.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-25-3M | LGS2 250 G-3.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-25-4M | LGS2 250 G-4.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-25-5M | LGS2 250 G-5.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-36-3M | LGS2 360 G-3.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-36-4M | LGS2 360 G-4.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| W10429-36-5M | LGS2 360 G-5.0M MIG GUN AIR COOLED |
| ROLL KIT FOR SOLID WIRES | |
| KP14017-0.8 | DRIVE ROLLS V0.6-0.8 DIA37 |
| KP14017-1.0 | DRIVE ROLLS V0.8-1.0 DIA37 |
| KP14017-1.2 | DRIVE ROLLS V1.0-1.2 DIA37 |
| ROLL KIT FOR ALUMINIUM WIRES | |
| KP14017-1.2A | DRIVE ROLLS U1.0-1.2 DIA37 |
| W000277622 | ALUMINUM WELDING KIT 1.0-1.2 |
| ROLL KIT FOR CORED WIRES | |
| KP14017-1.1R | DRIVE ROLLS VK0.9-1.1 DIA37 |
| | |